Alabama Furbearer Facts











Red fox tracks.









Opossum (Didelphis virginianus)

The only "pouched" marsupial on the North American continent. Grizzled grey in color with a prehensile tail. They have an opposable thumb on back foot. An opossum is an omnivore.

Nutria (Myocastor coypus)

A nutria is an aquatic rodent introduced from South America. Often mistaken as a small beaver. The tail is round and hairless. Primarily in southwest Alabama and up the Alabama and Tombigbee waterways.

Raccoon (Procyon lotor)

Raccoons can be recognized by their mask and ringed tail. A common animal in Alabama. They are omnivoresthey will eat anything. They have 5 elongated toes on each foot and are flat footed.

Red Fox (Vulpes vulpes)

Red fox are state wide in distribution even present in urban areas. Primarily nocturnal, average home range is 3 square miles. Carnivores primarily, during the spring & summer diet includes insects and fruit.

River Otter (Lontra canadensis)

The river otter is a member of the weasel family and is found throughout the state. Common along streams, rivers, ponds and marshlands. Strictly a carnivore.

Striped Skunk (Mephitis mephitis)

Striped skunk is a small animal about the size of a domestic cat. It lives throughout the state, more common in north Alabama and the Blackbelt region. Weighs approximately 3 pounds. Is an omnivore.

Special note: Long-tailed weasel and Spotted skunk are both protected species in Alabama **Produced by the Alabama Trappers and Predator Control Association • www.atpca.org**



